Submission No.			193				
Organisation Name or Name of Submitter			Michael Quinn (resident - 20 Saint Teresa's Place, Glasnevin)				
Item No.	Section Ref.	Page No.	Observation Statement	TII Response			
Letter Re: Railway Order Application - Metro North: Estuary through Swords, Dublin Airport, Ballymun, Glasnevin and City Centre to Charlemont, Co. Dublin - 20 Saint Teresa's Place, Glasnevin							
1	Letter	1	Having been a resident of the area since 1984 I am objecting on the strongest possible grounds to the proposed works that could be involved if the project were to go ahead in its current format.  One of the many reasons that I have remained living in the area and in such a contended manner is because of the importance of the local community to me. The area has always been a wibrant place to live that is welcoming in equal terms to both strangers and locals.  The environs of Philosboro and Glasnevin could be described as being multi-cultural and self-supporting in many ways. The sporting facilities available to those of that age with an interest in same are numerous and very well used.  Uning here we have free access to the seconol largest green space (Glasnevin Cemetery and The National Botanic Gardens) in Dublin. This feature has and continues to be a major attraction to me.  I believe that the work that would be involved in creating Glasnevin Station at Cross Guns Bridge would have a major impact on the infrastructure and fabric of this quiet, low profile and well established residential area.	Til wish to thank you for your submission and understand the concerns you may have around the construction of Glasnevin Station. We have reviewed the submission and provided a response below in relation to impacts that are anticipated in your residential area. Your broad concerns of potential impacts of the Project on the local community are noted. While regretable, where impacts of significance do occur, here are mitigated through the EAR, with details provided further in this response below. Access to the local green space occurred to the Chapter 21, section 21, 51. Protection of Sports and Leisure Facilities.  The benefits of the Project locally, such as improved air quality, the stimulation of economic activity and the enhancement of amenity around Glasnevin, as with other proposed stations of the MetroLink and the city of Dublin generally, is provided in EIAR Chapter 3: Background to the MetroLink Project, section 3.4 MetroLink Response to Challenges.  Station Construction:  The EIAR Chapter 5: MetroLink Construction Phase, Appendix A.5.5. Glasnevin Construction Report describes the sequencing and methodology required to construct the proposed Glasnevin Station. Til recognise that the Glasnevin Station development is a complex environment.  The PIGRA Chapter 5: MetroLink Construction Phase, Appendix A.5.5. Glasnevin Construction Were appropriate mitigations have been proposed to minimise the impact of the construction works as much as practicable within the local environment.  The programme for the construction of the proposed Project has been optimised to minimise the duration (102 months) of the Construction Phase, where possible, in order to bisses the duration of potential environmental impacts, while resurding that the areas sourrounding the works sites remain operational and functional. Due to the construction of the station and the two commuter platforms for the track by circa 2m and modification to the existing junction. A coordinated approach for the track lowering is proposed to avoid coloration			

Submission No.			193				
Organisation Name or Name of Submitter			Michael Quinn (resident - 20 Saint Teresa's Place, Glasnevin)				
Item No.	Section Ref.	Page No.	Observation Statement	TII Response			
Letter Re: Railway Order Application - Metro North: Estuary through Swords, Dublin Airport, Ballymun, Glasnevin and City Centre to Charlemont, Co. Dublin - 20 Saint Teresa's Place, Glasnevin							
			Response (1) continued.	Noise and vibration:  Details regarding noise and vibration levels for individual buildings near Glasnevin Station can be found in Chapter 13 (Airborne Noise and Vibration) and Appendix 13.7 (Construction Phase Modelling). A number of residences in Glasnevin in close proximity to the site have been identified with the potential to have significant noise impact during the construction phase. These are referred to in identified on Table 13.87 Glasnevin Station – Residual Significant Construction Noise Impacts – Daytime, and Table 13.88 Glasnevin – Track Possession works - Potential Residual Night-time Significant Construction Noise Impacts.  Mitigation measures proposed include 4m high hoarding to the north, south, east, and west construction site boundaries which will significantly reduce any effect from noise. Given the distance from your residential area to the construction site, no airborne noise and vibration related to the construction site is anticipated at your residential area.  At your property, noise impacts will arise from the TBM passage when the noise value (as presented in Chapter 14: Groundborne Noise & Vibration, Appendix 14.5 of the EIAR) of 46 dB will be above the threshold value of 45 dB resulting in a significant impact on residents for the limited duration during TBM passage. Unfortunately, there are no effective methods available to reduce groundborne noise or vibration from TBMs at source but noting that the duration of this impact will be in the order of up to two weeks as the TBM passes. TII will liaise with the residents to ensure the timing of these impacts are known.  In any case where residual noise impacts remain during the construction phase the application of Transport Infrastructure Ireland (TII) Airborne and Groundborne Noise Mitigation Policy will be implemented where eligibility has been established. Please refer to Chapter 14, Appendix A14.6.  Air quality:  Chapter 16 (Air Quality) details that there will be a generally negligible or slight negative impact on air quality in t			
2	Letter		Concerns I have centre around the many unknowns as to what affect such works would have on the foundations of my house, what the likelihood of subsidence might be, what affect it would have on the insurability of my property as well as the impact that any additional traffic, noise and construction would have on the locality.  I would ask that cognisance be taken of this submission and of the others that will be received from District 7 at this very important juncture in the future of our locality.	TII recognise and have considered the concerns raised in connection with the possible impact on the foundations of your property within the assessments undertaken within the EIAR supporting this Railway Order. EIAR Appendix A5.17, Building Damage Report, covers the assessed impacts of construction generated ground movements and settlement on property. As presented in Table 5.2, the assessments to date of 20 Saint Teresa Place indicate that the building (representative building B-141 on 18b 5.2) falls into the Negligible damage category and hence further assessment is not required. The Negligible damage category assumes hairline cracks (< 0.1 mm width). Additionally a programme of ground movement monitoring will be implemented, with the monitoring locations informed by further analysis to be undertaken during the detailed design stage. Please refer to EIAR Chapter 5: MetroLink Construction Phase, section 5.4.11 Ground Settlement Monitoring and Mitigation Works.  Setting aside the completion of the building assessment on your property as stated above, TII is committed to having a Property Owner Protection Scheme (POPS) in place prior to construction works commencing. The scheme allows residential property owners to register with TII if the property is within thirty metres of the edge of the MetroLink alignment or fifty metres of station structures. As part of this scheme, conditions surveys of applicable properties are undertaken in advance of construction activities that are likely to impact, which for this property will be the arrival of the TBM. Further details on this scheme is provided in Chapter 21: Land Take, section 21.6.1.4 Property Protection.  TII confirm that the local geological and hydrogeological conditions were considered during the settlement assessment. For the geological conditions anticipated, the predicted impacts and mitigation measure are referred to in Chapter 20: Soils and Geology, sections 20.4 and 20.6 respectively. While the Hydrogeology assessments and mitigation plans are referred to			